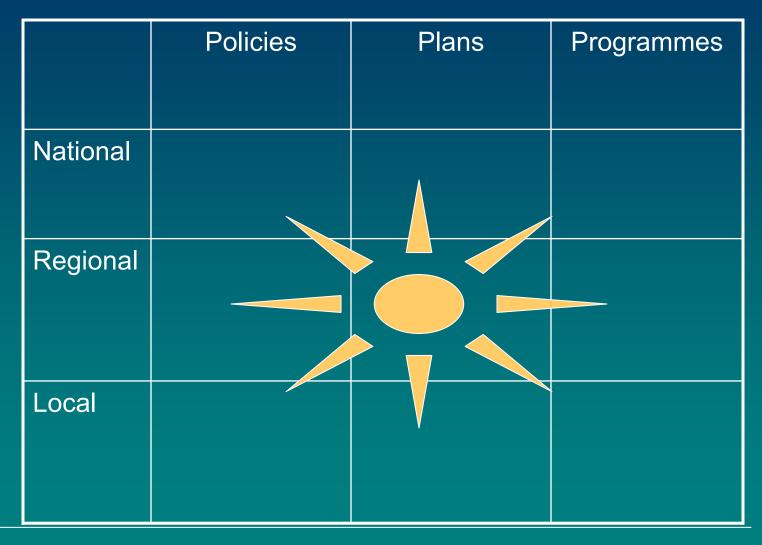
SEA follow-up - which way?

Maria do Rosário Partidário FCT-UNL
Portugal



Direction(s) of Follow-up in SEA



Follow-up in SEA:

- ➤ Direction of impact
- ➤ Timing of impact (immediate, mostly delayed)
- Scale
- ➤ Tangibility
- e.g. Climate change programme energy policy transports policy industry policy, etc.
- e.g. Biodiversity decline in an area agriculture policy land-use plan zoning and local development policy national tourism incentives, etc.

Look at the results of implementation

- 1. Was the policy adopted / followed?
- 2. Was the policy modified?
- 3. The objective of the policy was fully or partially implemented?
- 4. How was it implemented?
- 5. What are accountability systems in place?

Critical aspects:

- 1. Why is it happening (multiple sources, cumulative effects, etc.)
- 2. Who's the responsibility of the effect?
- 3. Un-documented outcomes (policy cycle / planning follow-up)

Unavoidable actions:

- Monitoring documented (a major addon of SEA to strategic decision-making)
- 2. Track key headline indicators (or SoE, SD, Agenda 21, etc.)
- 3. Identify and track specific points of control / sensitive issues to change

If there are findings?

- 1. Learnings: substance and process
- 2. Mechanisms for getting information back in the decision-making process
- 3. Relevance / opportunity