

Setting Standards for Sustainable Development





World Bank Group Commitment

"The World Bank Group is committed to supporting countries in reducing poverty and building shared prosperity in a sustainable manner."*

- → To **end poverty and promote shared prosperity** all aspects of social and environmental sustainability must be taken into consideration
- → Protecting the environment and the world's poorest and most vulnerable people in our projects are central to this vision



A Changing World

- Issues our clients face have changed dramatically over the last 20 years
- Many clients' as well as the World Bank's ability to manage these issues have significantly improved
- World Bank modernization effort
- 2010 IEG evaluation <u>Safeguards and Sustainability Policies in a Changing World: An Independent Evaluation of World Bank Group Experience</u>
- 2012/2013 multi-stakeholder consultation underlined need for change





Phase 1: A Look Back to 2012/2013

- Views from stakeholders from over 40 countries (civil society, government, private sector, academia, development partners etc.)
- Written submissions from civil society organizations, governments, academia etc.
- Expert focus groups on 7 emerging areas
 - Land Tenure and Natural Resources
 - Free, Prior and Informed Consent of Indigenous Peoples
 - Labor and Occupational Health and Safety
 - Climate Change
 - Human Rights
 - Disability
 - Gender
- Dedicated Indigenous Peoples Dialogue
- Dialogue with project-affected communities



Phase 1: Main Issues Raised in Consultations No DILUTION DAM COMMUNITY SAFETY APPLY across instruments, DPFs, PforR ROAD **USE of COUNTRY INSTITUTIONS** STRONG RISK MANAGEMENT APPROACH CLEAR ROLES between BANK and BORROWER STRENGTHEN PROTECTION **CULTURAL HERITAGE** RESPECT NATIONAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS GRIEVANCE MECHANISMS INTEGRATE PROTECT BIODIVERSITY FORESTS AND NATURAL HABITATS Implementation, Monitoring and Supervision ADDRESS POLLUTION WITH NATIONAL LAWS **Issues Raised by Stakeholders** ADDRESS ISSUES OF LAND IMPROVE INVOLUNTARY RESETTLEMENT **HARMONIZATION** WITHIN THE WBG ACROSS DONORS ENHANCE STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT PROTECTION OF RIGHTS **IPs and FPIC** REFLECT UN CONVENTION CHILDREN RIGHTS ANIMAL WELFARE APPLY FPIC **LGBT RIGHTS** ADD COVERAGE APPLY INTERNATIONAL TREATIES **VULNERABLE GROUPS, MINORITIES** CLIMATE CHANGE CONSIDER NATIONAL CONTEXT **HUMAN RIGHTS** APPLY INTERNATIONAL TREATIES APPLY INT'L TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS DISABILITY USE AN INTEGRATED POLICY APPROACH PROHIBIT CHILD LABOR LABOR NO FORCED LABOR GENDER

Phase 2: Consultation Process

- 37 countries planned (TBC), incl. 25 borrowing countries
 - Consultation phase extended
 - Indicative country consultation schedule online, most countries confirmed
 - Dedicated Indigenous Peoples consultations
 - Topical expert consultations: labor, biodiversity, vulnerable groups
 - Synergies with large international meetings (e.g., World Conference on Indigenous Peoples, Civicus International Civil Society Week)
 - Bilateral meetings on request (email <u>safeguardconsult@worldbank.org</u>)
 - Possibility of online public consultations in January
 - Consultations and workshops with development partners (e.g., other MDBs) and international organizations (e.g., ILO)
- Meeting summaries and participant lists to be published on <u>website</u>
- Additional feedback channels (forum, comments on individual Standards) through <u>website</u>





Our Goal

<u>Communities</u> to receive **broader and enhanced protection** for their livelihoods and environment.

<u>Implementers'</u> projects to have **better development results** through outcomes-focused approach, improved design and improved implementation measures.

For <u>the Bank</u>, stronger accountability and new rules that will add more social and environmental protection.



The Proposed Framework

- Builds on existing safeguards and preserves Bank core values
- Presents a modernized, risk-based, outcomes-focused approach to protecting the environment and people
- Puts strong emphasis on risk management and achieving sustainable development outcomes over the life of the project
- Broadens social assessment and management of environmental and social risks
- Provides greater clarity of the roles and responsibilities of the World Bank and Borrower
- Increases harmonization with development partners and recognized good international practices
- Renews and strengthens partnership with borrowers



PROJECTS

Framework Structure

World Bank Vision Statement on Sustainability

World Bank Responsibilities

Borrower Responsibilities

Environmental and Social Policy

Directives

Procedures

REVIEW and Due Diligence

LEGAL AGREEMENT And COMMITMENT PLAN ASSESSMENT and Implementation

Environmental and Social Standards 1-10

Implementation Guidance
Information Management
Systems

Mandatory elements of the proposed Framework

Guidance Notes, Case Studies and Tools

Non-mandatory elements of the proposed Framework



Bank and Borrower Roles

The Bank's role:

Detailed in the proposed policy. Bank responsible for:

- Reviewing assessments and helping Borrower to develop measures and actions required for compliance with standards
- Strengthening/ promoting use of Borrower's environmental and social institutions and laws
- Agreeing with Borrower on the measures/ actions in the ESCP
- Supporting rigorous implementation of commitment plan

Borrower's Role:

Specified in the 10 Environmental and Social Standards.

- As now, borrowing country is responsible for assessing, managing and monitoring environmental and social risks and impacts in Bank-financed projects
- Based on E&S assessment, Bank and borrower would agree on specific Commitment Plan to mitigate risks (with clear timelines)



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Labor protections according to international models	Introduces labor standard with elements of ILO International Labor Standards
Non-discrimination as principle	Establishes non-discrimination as core principle
Integrated approach to disability issues	Includes disability in non-discrimination principle, introduces enhanced social due diligence
Integrated approach to gender issues	Includes gender in non-discrimination principle, introduces enhanced social due diligence
Integrated approach to SOGIE issues	Includes SOGIE in non-discrimination principle, introduces enhanced social due diligence
Instrument coverage	Introduces Standards that will apply to 75% of all World Bank operations; World Bank to conduct separate review of PforR and DPL with special attention to safeguards

Introduces FPIC

enhanced social due diligence



Enhanced stakeholder engagement

and better grievance mechanisms

Main issues raised in consultations*

Free, Prior, and Informed Consent

Address children's rights

(FPIC)

Proposes dedicated Standard on stakeholder engagement,

incl. grievance mechanisms, throughout project cycle

Draft Framework

Prohibits child labor in Bank-funded projects, introduces

Tiuman rights
Protect biodiversity
Address pollution and cli change issues

Human rights

compliance

Bank and Borrower

Operations Policy & Country Services

Harmonization

mate Capacity building and institution strengthening Strong risk management approach

Main issues raised in

consultations*

Draft framework

Includes provisions throughout to help borrowers meet their

Introduces dedicated Standard on biodiversity protection and

Introduces requirement for resource efficiency and pollution

abatement, provides focus on greenhouse gas emissions

human rights obligations and aspirations (while respecting

that the World Bank cannot use the safeguards to enforce

sustainable management of living natural resources

human rights)



Non-Discrimination

Proposal

- Establishes non-discrimination as core principle in accordance with commitment to protecting the poor and other vulnerable groups from adverse impacts caused by World Bank-financed projects
- Provides for stronger assessment of discrimination toward individuals or groups
- Addresses discrimination

→ Non-discrimination principle addresses **gender**, physical or mental **disability**, **sexual orientation**, and **gender identity**, among other issues



Adaptive Risk Management

Proposal

- Always requires rigorous upfront assessment to determine the scope and significance of environmental and social impacts
- Recognizes that for some large and complicated projects, the assessment of certain risks can be carried out **over time** (but well **in advance** of any activities that could have adverse impacts)
- Requires Bank and Borrower to agree on Borrower environmental and social requirements in legally binding, time-bound commitment plan
- Requires that commitment plan is fully developed and consulted on prior to any project initiation with adverse impact
- Allows better risk management for projects without physical footprint

In-depth analysis & Assessing fine-tuning risks of issues Monitoring



Operations Policy & Country Services Framework

Assessing Borrower E&S Planning risk management

Labor and Working Conditions

- Requires Borrowers to explicitly address key labor-related issues
- Prohibits child and forced labor
- Builds on national requirements
- Incorporates principle of non-discrimination/equal opportunity in employment in Bank projects
 - Employment of project workers based on the principle of equal opportunity and fair treatment



Indigenous Peoples

- Moves from Free, Prior, Informed, Consultation to Free, Prior and Informed Consent in key circumstances
- Addresses issues requested by Indigenous Peoples stakeholders:
 - Voluntary Isolation
 - Pastoralism
 - Risk of internal conflict
- Introduces alternative approach to help avoid internal conflict:
 - Exception rather than the rule, context specific, open and accountable process for consideration, approval of alternative approach by World Bank Board, Protects IPs using other ESSs



Land and Involuntary Resettlement

- Maintains strength of current policy; land issues addressed in several of the proposed Standards
- Acknowledges potential adverse impacts through project-related land acquisition and restrictions on land use
- Makes all types of potential conflicts concerning land access an explicit focus of environmental and social assessment
- Builds on existing protections and clarify protections related to land and involuntary resettlement
- Commits to supporting land rights of Indigenous Peoples
- Avoids or minimizes involuntary resettlement; no forced eviction; and mitigates any adverse impacts through compensation and assistance



Human Rights

Proposal

 Makes clear that World Bank operations support human rights by enlarging the scope of the proposed standards through required assessment of a range of issues that directly relate to human rights concerns (such as non-discrimination, gender, disability, and children)



Biodiversity

- Integrates existing safeguards on forests and natural habitats
- Strengthens existing safeguards through introducing more specific and stringent requirements for biodiversity conservation
- Introduces more clarity and more stringent requirements for how risks and adverse impacts on natural habitats must be mitigated
- Ensures that Bank funds will not be used to finance or support projects that would involve a significant conversion or degradation of critical habitats
- Allows offsets only in exceptional circumstances and as last resort



Next Steps

Consultations



Feedback analysis and draft revision



Presentation to Board Committee



Implementation



Board approval



Implement instructions from Board Committee on how to proceed





Environmental and Social Standard 1



Environmental and Social Appraisal

- ESS 1: Assessment and Management of Environmental and Social Risks and Impacts;
- ESS 2: Labor and Working Conditions;
- ESS 3: Resource Efficiency and Pollution Prevention;
- ESS 4: Community Health and Safety;
- ESS 5: Land Acquisition, Restrictions on Land Use and Involuntary Resettlement;
- ESS 6: Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable Management of Living Natural Resources;
- ESS 7: Indigenous Peoples;
- ESS 8: Cultural Heritage;
- ESS 9: Financial Intermediaries; and
- ESS 10: Information Disclosure and Stakeholder Engagement.



Environmental and Social Appraisal (Cont.)

- Project focused
- Risk Driven
- Outcomes focused
- Partnership approval



ESS 1: Assessment and Management

Key Features

- Overarching standard which, together with ESS2 and ESS10, applies to all projects.
- It sets out the mandatory requirements for the Borrower, which relate to environmental and social assessment, management and monitoring of Bank financed investment projects.
- It provides clarity on key definitions (e.g. 'project', 'associated facilities')
- It introduces a clear and actionable risk management system through the mitigation hierarchy, adaptive management and an Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESCP)
- It also moves closer to harmonized approach with other development partners on management of environmental and social risks



ESS 1: Assessment and Management (Cont.)

- Builds upon existing OP4.01 and Bank Procedures
- Incorporates the broader scope of issues addressed in the ESF
- Will be supported by more detailed tools and checklists
- Borrower will discuss and agree with the World Bank the nature and scope of ESA required as early as possible
- Scoping will inform the due diligence/appraisal process
- ESS1 includes the following annexes and set out certain requirements in more detail:
 - Annex 1: Environmental and Social Assessment
 - Annex 2: Environmental and Social Commitment Plan
 - Annex 3: Management of Contractors



ESS 1: Assessment and Management

Discussion Topic:

Annex 1 (Environmental and Social Assessment)

- Differentiated Risk Management Approach. Level of Assessment and Management
- Different tools and checklists (e.g. scoping phase, Subprojects, Financial Intermediary lending, etc.)



